Scheme of Work

S4C CUV

- Target children aged 2-5 in (school) nursery/reception classes or nursery groups.
- Based on the usual locations found in a setting.
- Includes development of independent, reasoning and problem-solving skills as well as numeracy and literacy.
- Mix of activities for outdoors and indoors.
- Matched to outcome 3 of the 'Foundation Phase Profile' in personal and social. development (coloured purple); language, literacy and communication skills (coloured red); mathematical development (coloured blue); physical development (coloured green). The activities are matched to the requirements of the digital competence for reception year (coloured orange). The core strands appear in bold print and underlined, and the other strands are in bold print only.

indicates that full colour and black-and-white PDF resources are available.

indicates that PDF resources with little or no language are available.

| Dot-to-dot cards based on the characters from Byd CywFollow the numbers from 0 to 5, 10, 20.Children are able to:recite up to 20 and in simple sequences. They compare and order sets of up to 10 objects.hold a crayon/pencil using two or three fingers and thumb.engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their learning. | Picture of party scene – children to label the picture.Develop oral skills first, then children either use post-its or black felt tipped pens to label the various elements of the picture.Children are able to:use an appropriate and increasing range of vocabulary in phrases and complete sentences.discriminate between letters and use correct initial consonant and they begin to use spelling strategies to spell vowel- consonant, consonant-vowel- consonant and high-frequency words. | Rearrange the wordDevelop simple word building/creation skills - sound at beginning/end of word.Children are able to:recognise the alphabetic nature of writing and write letters and simple words and phrases, writing from left to right.discriminate between letters and use correct initial consonant and they begin to use spelling strategies to spell vowel- consonant, consonant-vowel-consonant and high-frequency words. | Small word sheets – use magnifier Develop word-building skills, copy from one font size to another. Children are able to: recognise the alphabetic nature of writing and write letters and simple words and phrases, writing from left to right. <u>hold a crayon/pencil using two or three fingers and thumb.</u> |
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| 'Glue gun' rubbings Thematic words formed with glue, children to cover with paper and colour in to find the word. Children are able to: hold a crayon/pencil using two or three fingers and thumb. engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their learning. | Marki Marki | | Form and create letters in different media e.g. flour, jelly, milkshake powder, chocolate biscuits, crisps. Children are able to: engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their learning. read and write numbers to 10. |
| Shopping list Discussion – what do we need for party food? Discuss healthy/less healthy foods. Different types of food – savoury, sweet, drinks. Children to record as a list – different skill to writing a sentence. Children are able to: contribute in writing to a form modelled by an adult, showing developing understanding of different formats and conveying meaning by sequencing words, symbols and pictures. | Copy prepared picture Children are able to: <u>hold a crayon/pencil using two or three</u> fingers and thumb. engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their learning. | Create labels for a present Vary the paper in terms of shape, size, use varied marking tools. Children are able to: recognise the alphabetic nature of writing and write letters and simple words and phrases, writing from left to right. | Colour in by letter/word Develop colouring and pencil-handling skills and develop recognition of letter, word, number. Children are able to: <u>choose reading materials including books,</u> <u>understanding print conventions. They are aware of the difference between texts.</u> recognise that words are constructed from phonemes and these are represented by graphemes. They will read some familiar, simple words using strategies with support and show awareness of simple punctuation. read and write numbers to 10. hold a crayon/pencil using two or three fingers and thumb. |

| Dough cards – candle, party, balloons Children are able to: read and write numbers to 10. String beads onto a lace and are able to manipulate and lock together appropriate resources. | Sew around pictures of characters from Byd Cyw Develop hand-eye co-ordination, develop fine motor skills. Children are able to: string beads onto a lace and are able to manipulate and lock together appropriate resources. explore simple tasks using a variety of equipment for longer periods of time. | Character Sudoku Children to place the right picture in the right place on the grid. Children are able to: <u>string beads onto a lace and are able to</u> <u>manipulate and lock together appropriate</u> <u>resources.</u> | Number Jigsaw Picture of character from Byd Cyw with a number line below. Cut picture into strips, and the task is to recreate the picture. Thinking, reasoning, number sequence and problem-solving skills. Children are able to: recite up to 20 and in simple sequences. They compare and order sets of up to 10 objects. read and write numbers to 10. string beads onto a lace and are able to manipulate and lock together appropriate resources. |
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| Follow a pattern – multi-link, coloured jelly Children are able to: recognise and repeat patterns of up to three, visually and/or aurally. string beads onto a lace and are able to manipulate and lock together appropriate resources. explore simple tasks using a variety of equipment for longer periods of time. engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their learning. | | Busy fingers | Peg boardCreate pictures of a cake, gift, balloon, using the coloured pegs.Children are able to:string beads onto a lace and are able to manipulate and lock together appropriate resources.engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their learning. |
| Tweezers Manoeuvre popcorn with a straw bent in half. Children are able to: string beads onto a lace and are able to manipulate and lock together appropriate resources. explore simple tasks using a variety of equipment for longer periods of time. engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their learning. | Thread grains on a lace Children are able to: string beads onto a lace and are able to manipulate and lock together appropriate resources. engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their learning. | Cut jelly cubes using a scissors Children are able to: repeatedly open and close traditional scissors to cut paper into two pieces. engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their learning. | Follow a sequence to create a picture – with guidance – boost child's confidence. Children are able to: recognise and repeat patterns of up to three, visually and/or aurally. hold a crayon/pencil using two or three thingers and thumb. draw pictures including objects made up of two or three basic shapes joined together. engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their learning. |

| Four box grid – coloured stripes/spots Problem solving/thinking skills – four gifts – two spotted, two striped; two small, two big– children to cut out and place in appropriate box. Children are able to: recognise and repeat patterns of up to three, visually and/or aurally. record collections using marks, numbers or pictures. | Sort by size Cut out and arrange characters from Byd Cyw in order from biggest to smallest or tallest to shortest. Children are able to: use direct comparisons and simple measuring terminology and understand that measurements must start at the same point. | Colour by number – dice Children to follow a code excluding a number to follow a pattern. Children are able to: count up to 10 objects reliably. read and write numbers to 10. hold a crayon/pencil using two or three fingers and thumb. | Party word hidden code Connect numbers and letters and vice versa – creating suitable words. Children are able to: choose reading materials including books, understanding print conventions. They are aware of the difference between texts. read and write numbers to 10. hold a crayon/pencil using two or three fingers and thumb. |
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| Symmetry – Cyw Half a character from Byd Cyw or half an object set out – children to complete the picture. Children are able to: use direct comparisons and simple measuring terminology and understand that measurements must start at the same point. | | 1 2 3 | Graph – how many can you see? Party scene including a certain number of hats, cake, candles –children to find and record in simple graph form. Children are able to: read and write numbers to 10. record collections using marks, numbers or pictures. |
| Arrange birthday cards in order on washing-line Miscellaneous birthday cards –children to concentrate on the numbers. Children are able to: recite up to 20 and in simple sequences. They compare and order sets of up to 10 objects. | Shape – pizza Cut up a pizza in various ways. Children are able to: recognise simple 2D and 3D shapes, describe them in simple language and use them in their play. | Position Pictures of characters form Byd Cyw in different locations – discuss and develop vocabulary. Children are able to: <u>use an appropriate and increasing range</u> of vocabulary in phrases and complete <u>sentences</u> . | Form and create numbers in different media e.g. jelly, icing sugar, chocolate fingers, crisps. Children are able to: engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their learning. read and write numbers to 10. |

| Bunting Outline of triangular pictures – children to colour in, cut out and create bunting. Children are able to: string beads onto a lace and are able to manipulate and lock together appropriate resources. repeatedly open and close traditional scissors to cut paper into two pieces. | Paper chains Paper chain template – the children's task is to cut out, decorate and make a paper chain – this can also be made into a follow the pattern task. Children are able to: string beads onto a lace and are able to manipulate and lock together appropriate resources. repeatedly open and close traditional scissors to cut paper into two pieces. | Cut out birthday present shapes Cutting out and 2D shape recognition skills. Children are able to: recognise simple 2D and 3D shapes, describe them in simple language and use them in their play. repeatedly open and close traditional scissors to cut paper into two pieces. | Dice – move like a character Simple cards – Cyw's movements. Children are able to: choose reading materials including books, understanding print conventions. They are aware of the difference between texts. show increasing control and coordination in a variety of activities, demonstrating basic physical skills and using a range of equipment, working safely in their own space. often play cooperatively with other. children. |
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| Paint using sweets/ marshmallows Children are able to: draw pictures including objects made up of two or three basic shapes joined together. | Creati To E | Ve | Draw a picture of yourself at Cyw's party Use a variety of tools and media – collage, or large-scale work. Children are able to: draw pictures including objects made up of two or three basic shapes joined together. |
| Make a piñataUse 'junk' materials; search for origin of the piñata.Children are able to:hold a crayon/pencil using two or three fingers and thumb.explore simple tasks using a variety of equipment for longer periods of time.demonstrate that they have listened to others. They understand three-step in- structions and basic concepts. | Picture of the characters on a paper plate e.g. use pasta to make Llew's mane Children are able to: draw pictures including objects made up of two or three basic shapes joined together. hold a crayon/pencil using two or three fingers and thumb. | Make wrapping paperUse potatoes, sponge, ready made stamps or zig zag or curved lines.Children are able to:hold a crayon/pencil using two or three fingers and thumb.explore simple tasks using a variety of equipment for longer periods of time.demonstrate that they have listened to others. They understand three-step instructions and basic concepts. | Boomwhackers' – happy birthday song Specific coloured cards connected to bells and/or boomwhackers – children to follow the sequence and perform. Children are able to: memorise and perform songs and rhymes with some support and show recognition of rhythm, rhyme and spoken alliteration. recognise and repeat patterns of up to three, visually and/or aurally. |

| Co-ordinates Grid – different party backgrounds – children to place food/characters. Children are able to: choose reading materials including books, understanding print conventions. They are aware of the difference between texts. read and write numbers to 10. | Observe and discuss popcorn being made Children are able to: <u>use an appropriate and increasing range</u> of vocabulary in phrases and complete <u>sentences.</u> exchange ideas and interact with others during activities. They respond to creative stimuli, retell stories, share information and talk about things they have made or done, and express likes and dislikes. <u>perform most personal care routines</u> independently and understand significant hazards. | Make jelly Children are able to: demonstrate that they have listened to others. They understand three-step instructions and basic concepts. exchange ideas and interact with others during activities. They respond to creative stimuli, retell stories, share information and talk about things they have made or done, and express likes and dislikes. perform most personal care routines independently and understand significant hazards. use direct comparisons and simple measuring terminology and understand that measurements must start at the same point. use direct comparisons when describing temperature. | Melt chocolate to make a cake Children are able to: demonstrate that they have listened to others. They understand three-step instructions and basic concepts. exchange ideas and interact with others during activities. They respond to creative stimuli, retell stories, share information and talk about things they have made or done, and express likes and dislikes. perform most personal care routines independently and understand significant hazards. use direct comparisons and simple measuring terminology and understand that measurements must start at the same point. use direct comparisons when describing temperature. |
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| Draw the Byd Cyw characters in JITChildren are able to:draw pictures including objects made up of two or three basic shapes joined together.select appropriate software from a limited range to create multimedia components; create and explore the use of text, image, sound, animation and video. | Disco | | Blow out the candles on the cake Use simple animation program e.g. JIT. Children are able to: draw pictures including objects made up of two or three basic shapes joined together. select appropriate software from a limited range to create multimedia components; create and explore the use of text, image, sound, animation and video. |
| <section-header><section-header><text><text><text></text></text></text></section-header></section-header> | Sequence for making sandwich/ bacedate rice-crispie cakes Follow a sequence, simple reading skills, physical skills, everyday life, healthy eating. Children are able to: Memonstrate that they have listened to others. They understand three-step instructions and basic concepts. They usually respond appropriately to people and stimuli and ask an appropriate question about something that has been said. choose reading materials including books, understanding print conventions. They are aware of the difference between texts. recognise simple 2D and 3D shapes, describe them in simple language and use them in their play. | <text><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text> | Make a Cyw mask to upload to the Bee-BotChildren are able to:choose reading materials including books, understanding print conventions. They are aware of the difference between texts.string beads onto a lace and are able to manipulate and lock together appropriate resources.control devices by giving them instructions, listen to and follow a sequence of instructions. Work with a partner on a piece of digital work. |

| Word search Develop reading skills – concentrating either on a single letter or simple words. Children are able to: They play with sounds in words including isolating and identifying initial sounds. discriminate between letters and use correct initial consonant and they begin to use spelling strategies to spell vowel- consonant, consonant-vowel- consonant and high-frequency words. hold a crayon/pencil using two or three fingers and thumb. | Words in reverse Read the words in a mirror – concentrate on forming the letters the right way round. Children are able to: choose reading materials including books, understanding print conventions. They are aware of the difference between texts. hold a crayon/pencil using two or three fingers and thumb. | Bingo, lotto Group work – co-operation, thinking, reading words. Children are able to: choose reading materials including books, understanding print conventions. They are aware of the difference between texts. begin to recognise appropriate behaviour for different situations, often modelled on the standards of adults close to them, respond to reason and cope with change in routines. | Conversation, oral work, develop language. Children are able to: choose reading materials including books, understanding print conventions. They are aware of the difference between texts. imitate real-life and imaginative experiences, using some relevant language. They use talk to create a storyline in symbolic and imaginative play. engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their learning. |
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| Rhyming words Play with words, hear the last sound of the word. Children are able to: play with sounds in words including isolating and identifying initial sounds. choose reading materials including books, understanding print conventions. They are aware of the difference between texts. | Readin | | Class words by number of syllables Play with words. Children are able to: memorise and perform songs and rhymes with some support and show recognition of rhythm, rhyme and spoken alliteration. record collections using marks, numbers or pictures. |
| Upper and lower-case letters Develop recognition – match. Children are able to: distinguish between upper and lower-case letters and show an awareness of full stops and spaces between words. | Word flashcards – picture and word – match using magnetic letters Match letters – develop recognition – letters can be covered up in different media. Children are able to: play with sounds in words including isolating and identifying initial sounds. recognise that words are constructed from phonemes and these are represented by graphemes. They will read some familiar, simple words using strategies with support and show awareness of simple punctuation. | I spy with my little eye Language work– what can you see /Cyw and friends in different situations prompting discussion and developing thinking/ reasoning skills – only one right answer. Children are able to: often play cooperatively with other children. play with sounds in words including isolating and identifying initial sounds. | Sort words beginning with B (for Bolgi), P (for Plwmp), D (for Deryn) Play with words, hear the first sound of the word. Children are able to: play with sounds in words including isolating and identifying initial sounds. recognise that words are constructed from phonemes and these are represented by graphemes. |

| Treasure hunt – counting chart | Pictures on bottles/skittles/ | Twister dice – movements | Cyw and her Comb |
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| Pictures of characters from Byd Cyw to be | hoops | Simple cards – Cyw's movements including parts of the body. | Game similar to pin the tail on the donkey. |
| placed outside – various sizes – small, medium large. Counting sheet How many | Pictures of characters from Byd Cyw – numbered and set out – to be tied to plastic bottles or as a target (can then use a ball | Children are able to: | Children are able to: |
| middle-sized Deryns, how many big Plwmps etc. Record as tally or number. | or bean bag). | demonstrate that they have listened to others. They understand three-step instructions and | often play cooperatively with other children. respond to others with increasing sensitivity to their needs. |
| Children are able to: | Children are able to: | basic concepts. move in given directions. | demonstrate that they have listened to others. |
| record collections using marks, numbers or pictures. | choose reading materials including books, understanding print conventions. They are aware of the difference between texts. show increasing control and coordination in a variety of activities, demonstrating basic physical skills and using a range of equipment, working safely in their own | show increasing control and coordination in a variety of activities, demonstrating basic physical skills and using a range of equipment, working safely in their own space. often play cooperatively with other children. begin to recognise appropriate behaviour for different situations, often modelled on the standards of adults close to them, respond to | They understand three-step instructions and basic concepts. They usually respond appropriately to people and stimuli and ask an appropriate question about something that has been said. exchange ideas and interact with others during activities. move in given directions. |
| | <u>space.</u> | reason and cope with change in routines. | |
| Hold an open-air picnic | | | Throw beanbags into a hoop |
| Children are able to: | | | Children are able to: |
| respond to others with increasing sensitivity to their needs. | | π | show increasing control and coordination in a variety of activities, demonstrating basic physical skills and |
| begin to recognise appropriate behaviour for different situations, often modelled on the standards of adults close to them, respond to reason and cope with change in routines. | | utdoors | <u>using a range of equipment, working</u> safely in their own space. |
| Kick a ball – target | Make/devise their own obstacle | Balloon races | Treasure hunt using metal |
| | course or party game | Children are able to: | detector |
| Children are able to: | Children are able to: | often play cooperatively with other children. | Hide magnetic letters in soil, with the |
| often play cooperatively with other children. | often play cooperatively with other children. | respond to others with increasing sensitivity to their needs. | children making a thematic word from the letters. |
| show increasing control and coordination | demonstrate that they have listened | begin to recognise appropriate behaviour for different situations, often modelled on the | Children are able to: |
| in a variety of activities, demonstrating basic physical skills and using a range | to others. They understand three-step instructions and basic concepts. They | standards of adults close to them, respond to reason and cope with change in routines. | exchange ideas and interact with |
| of equipment, working safely in their own | usually respond appropriately to people | exchange ideas and interact with others during | others during activities. |
| space. | and stimuli and ask an appropriate question about something that has been | activities. | discriminate between letters and use |
| | said. | show increasing control and coordination in a variety of activities, demonstrating basic | correct initial consonant and they begin to use spelling strategies to spell vowel- |
| | exchange ideas and interact with others during activities. | physical skills and using a range of equipment, working safely in their own space. | consonant, consonant-vowel-consonant and high-frequency words. |
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| booth – <u>other</u> <u>n</u> <u>eeds.</u> activities |
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| <u>n</u> leeds. activities |
| endent in vith others d to creative ormation ve made or islikes. |
| nts ors, a <u>pes,</u> age and |
| of cards |
| sing range |
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| Use water beads | Squash bottle volume | Experiment with icing sugar | Make a cake from mud or sand |
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| Use water beads Hide numbers, letters, words and use a tweezers to move the beads from one place to another. Children are able to: often play cooperatively with other children. engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their learning. show increasing control and coordination in a variety of activities, demonstrating basic physical skills and using a range of equipment, working safely in their own space. recognise the alphabetic nature of writing and write letters and simple words and phrases, writing from left to right. | Squash bottle volume Full/empty bottles – recipe for making orange drink/cocktail. Children are able to: use direct comparisons and simple measuring terminology and understand that measurements must start at the same point. | Experiment with icing sugar Dry and wet, experiment for making marks, building. Children are able to: engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their learning. | Make a cake from mud or sand Children are able to: often play cooperatively with other children. engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their learning. exchange ideas and interact with others during activities. They respond to creative stimuli, retell stories, share information and talk about things they have made or done, and express likes and dislikes. imitate real-life and imaginative experiences, using some relevant language. They use talk to create a storyline in symbolic and imaginative play. |
| Hide party objects Children to take turns to guess which object is missing. Children are able to: exchange ideas and interact with others during activities. They respond to creative stimuli, retell stories, share information and talk about things they have made or done, and express likes and dislikes. | | t area | Experiment in painting ice cubes coloured with food colouring Children are able to: show increasing control and coordination in a variety of activities, demonstrating basic physical skills and using a range of equipment, working safely in their own space. |
| Blowing bubbles Also experiment by making big bubbles using a hoop and tough tray. Children are able to: often play cooperatively with other children. engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their learning. | Form patterns, letters or numbers with chalk and then go over them with a wet brush Children are able to: show increasing control and coordination in a variety of activities, demonstrating basic physical skills and using a range of equipment, working safely in their own space. recognise the alphabetic nature of writing and write letters and simple words and phrases, writing from left to right. read and write numbers to 10. | Use small dishes to create a party Experiment with pouring liquids from a teapot or jug into a small cup. Children are able to: show increasing control and coordination in a variety of activities, demonstrating basic physical skills and using a range of equipment, working safely in their own space. engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their | Balloon race Place water-filled balloons on wooden spoons and walk zig zag. Children are able to: <u>show increasing control and</u> <u>coordination in a variety of activities,</u> <u>demonstrating basic physical skills and</u> <u>using a range of equipment, working</u> <u>safely in their own space.</u> engage with a broad range of activities and have become more independent in their learning. |